# **ROSBANK Group**

Interim condensed consolidated financial statements

3 months ended 31 March 2017 (unaudited)

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	LE OF GOINTENTO	
STAT	EMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE PREPARATION AND	Page
APPF	ROVAL OF THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
	3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017	3
	RIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 CH 2017 (UNAUDITED):	
Interi	n condensed consolidated statement of financial position	4
	m condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss	
Interi	n condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income	6
Interi	n condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity	7
Interi	m condensed consolidated statement of cash flows	8
Notes	to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements	9-36
1.	Organization	
2.	Going concern	
3.	Basis of presentation	
4.	Significant accounting policies	
5.	Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)	
6.	Cash and balances with the Central Bank of the Russian Federation	
7.	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	
8.	Due from banks	
9.	Derivative financial instruments	
10.	Loans to customers	
11.	Investments available-for-sale	
12. 13.	Investments held to maturity	
13. 14.	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss  Due to banks and international financial institutions	
14. 15.	Customer accounts	
16.	Debt securities issued	
16. 17.	Subordinated debt	
17.	Share capital	
19.	Net interest income before provision for impairment losses on interest bearing assets	
20.	Allowance for impairment losses and other provisions	
21.	Net (loss)/gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, except forex	22
	s and forwards	23
22.	Net gain/(loss) on foreign exchange operations	
23.	Fee and commission income and expense	
24.	Operating expenses	
25.	Income tax	
26.	Earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the parent	
27.	Commitments and contingencies	
28.	Transactions with related parties	
29.	Fair value of financial instruments	
30.	Segment reporting	
31.	Subsequent events	

# STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE PREPARATION AND APPROVAL OF THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Management is responsible for the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements that present fairly the financial position of PJSC ROSBANK and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at 31 March 2017, and the results of its operations for 3 months then ended, cash flows and changes in equity for 3 months then ended, in compliance with International Accounting Standard 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IAS 34").

In preparing the interim condensed consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for:

- Properly selecting and applying accounting policies
- Presenting information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information
- Providing additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IAS 34 are insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the Group's consolidated financial position and financial performance
- Making an assessment of the Group's ability to continue as a going concern

Management is also responsible for:

- Designing, implementing and maintaining an effective and sound system of internal controls, throughout the Group
- Maintaining adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the consolidated financial position of the Group, and which enable them to ensure that the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group comply with IAS 34
- Maintaining statutory accounting records in compliance with the Russian Federation ("RF") legislation and accounting standards
- Taking such steps as are reasonably available to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and
- Preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities

the Management Board

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for 3 months ended 31 March 2017 were authorized for issue on 4 May 2017 by the Management Board of PJSC ROSBANK.

On behalf of the Board:

Acting Chairman of

4 May 2017

Moscow

# INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF 31 MARCH 2017 (UNAUDITED)

(in millions of Russian Roubles)

	Notes	31 March 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
ASSETS			<i>5</i> 7
Cash and balances with the Central Bank of the Russian			
Federation	6	38,312	48,499
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7 ,9, 28	38,616	37,152
Due from banks	8, 28	78,550	86,126
Loans to customers Investments available-for-sale	10	587,062	587,810
Investments available-for-sale	11, 28 12	7,054 68,651	8,237 72,912
Property and equipment	12	19,712	19,675
Intangible assets		2,067	2,008
Current income tax assets		116	48
Deferred income tax assets		3,177	3,086
Other assets	28	15,960	15,153
Tatalassata			
Total assets		859,277	880,706
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES:			
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	9 ,13, 28	33,780	35,982
Due to the Central Bank of the Russian Federation		187	190
Due to banks and international financial institutions	14, 28	22,368	47,993
Customer accounts	15, 28	468,950	461,893
Debt securities issued	16	160,318	158,133
Other provisions	20	1,797	1,545
Current income tax liabilities		851	382
Deferred income tax liabilities	1020000	1,135	1,409
Other liabilities	28	10,655	9,749
Subordinated debt	17, 28	34,219	39,872
Total liabilities		734,260	757,148
EQUITY:			
Share capital	18	17,587	17,587
Share premium	18	59,707	59,707
Cumulative translation reserve	.0	1,598	1,684
Property and equipment revaluation reserve		5,859	5,952
Investments available-for-sale fair value reserve		(1,265)	(1,309)
Cash flow hedge		(6)	(156)
Retained earnings		41,53̈7̈́	40,093
Total equity		125,017	123,558
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		859,277	880,706

On behalf of the Board:

Acting Chairman of the Management Board

4 May 2017 Moscow

# INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017 (UNAUDITED)

(in millions of Russian Roubles, except for earnings per share which are in Roubles)

	Notes	31 N 2017	3 months ended larch (unaudited) 2016
Interest income Interest expense	19, 28 19, 28	19,992 (10,754)	22,666 (12,566)
Net interest income before provision for impairment losses on interest	10, 20	(10,704)	(12,000)
bearing assets Provision for impairment losses on interest bearing assets	20, 28	<b>9,238</b> (850)	<b>10,100</b> (4,673)
Net interest income		8,388	5,427
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, except forex swaps and forwards	21, 28	(375)	(63)
Net gain/(loss) on foreign exchange operations	22	631	136
Net gain/(loss) on precious metals operations		38	47
Fee and commission income	23, 28	2,639	2,577
Fee and commission expense	23, 28	(713)	(747)
Other provisions	20, 28	(337)	(64)
Other income		283	322
Net non-interest income		2,166	2,208
Operating income		10,554	7,635
Operating expenses	24, 28	(8,658)	(8,347)
Other non-operating income/(expenses)		(27)	98
Profit/(loss) before income tax		1,869	(614)
Income tax credit/(expense)	25	(518)	47
Net profit/(loss) for the period		1,351	(567)
EARNINGS PER SHARE			
Basic and diluted (in RUB)	26	0.87	(0.37)

On behalf of the Board:

Acting Chairman of the

4 May 2017 Moscow

The notes on pages 9-36 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Management Board

# INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017 (UNAUDITED)

(in millions of Russian Rubles)

	Notes	31 N 2017	3 months ended larch (unaudited) 2016
Net profit/(loss) for the period		1,351	(567)
Other comprehensive income/(expense)			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  Exchange differences on translating foreign operations Income tax on translating foreign operations Cash flow hedge Income tax on cash flow hedge Net profit/(loss) resulting on revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets during the period Amounts recycled to profit and loss relating to available-for-sale financial assets Income tax on revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets		(107) 21 187 (37) (5) 60	(399) (472) 211 (42) 58 57
during the period		(11)	(23)
Other comprehensive income/(expense) after income tax		108_	(610)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period		1,459	(1,177)

On behalf of the Board:

Acting Chairman of the Management Board

4 May 2017 Moscow

### INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017 (UNAUDITED)

(in millions of Russian Roubles)

	Share capital	Share premium	Cumulative translation reserve	Property and equipment revaluation reserve	Investments available-for- sale fair value reserve	Cash flow hedge	Retained earnings	Total equity
31 December 2015	17,587	59,707	2,771	6,834	(1,616)	(889)	36,107	120,501
Net profit/(loss) for the period Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the period	:=		- (871)	<b></b> %	92	- 169	(567)	(567) (610)
			(671)			109	<del></del> -	(610)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the period	1=1		(871)	<u>=</u> (	92	169	(567)	(1,177)
Property and equipment disposal (net of deferred tax of RUB 26 millions)	) <u>1</u> 2		<u>-</u>	(105)			105	
31 March 2016 (unaudited)	17,587	59,707	1,900	6,729	(1,524)	(720)	35,645	119,324
31 December 2016	17,587	59,707	1,684	5,952	(1,309)	(156)	40,093	123,558
Net profit/(loss) for the period Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the	9	¥	<b>5</b> 1	.=		<b>3</b>	1,351	1,351
period period			(86)	_	44	150	_	108
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the period	-		(86)	<u> </u>	44	150	1,351	1,459
Property and equipment disposal (net of deferred tax of RUB 23 millions)	1=1	X <u>—</u>		(93)			93	
31 March 2017 (unaudited)	17,587	59,707	1,598	5,859	(1,265)	(6)	41,537	125,017

On behalf of the Board

Acting Chairman of the Management Board

4 May 2017

Moscow

## INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

(in millions of Russian Roubles)

	Notes		months ended ch (unaudited)
		2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Interest received		21,037	23,251
Interest paid		(10,442)	(12,550)
Fees and commissions received		2,614	2,577
Fees and commissions paid		(698)	(713)
Receipts from/(payment for) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(126)	2,050
Receipts from/(payment for) trading in foreign currencies		2,053	(2,943)
Other operating income received		239	322
Receipts from/(payment for) precious metals operations Administrative and other operating expenses paid		55	112
Income tax received/(paid)		(7,597)	(7,969)
		(509)	(153)
Cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities		0.000	
and nabilities		6,626	3,984
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Net (increase)/decrease in mandatory cash balances with the Central Bank of			
the Russian Federation		(1,218)	(145)
Net (increase)/decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(3,477)	2,252
Net i(increase)/decrease in due from banks		31	(3,849)
Net (increase)/decrease in loans to customers		(8,690)	22,448
Net (increase)/decrease in other assets		(1,197)	(2,206)
Net increase/(decrease) in financial liabilities at fair value through profit or		(1,107)	(2,200)
loss		268	(1,274)
Net increase/(decrease) in due to the Central Bank of the Russian Federation		(3)	(15,038)
Net increase/(decrease) in due to banks and international financial institutions		(24,519)	(23,196)
Net increase/(decrease) in customer accounts		21,385	(1,248)
Net increase/(decrease) in debt securities issued, other than bonds issued		10,147	(616)
Net increase/(decrease) in other liabilities		(278)	(379)
Net increase/(decrease) in other liabilities on law cases		(12)	(11)
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities		(937)	(19,278)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of available for sale financial assets		-	(1,243)
Proceeds from disposal and redemption of available for sale financial assets		934	:
Proceeds from redemption of held to maturity financial assets		1,624	749
Purchase of held to maturity financial assets		(887)	\ <u>-</u>
Purchase of property and equipment		(730)	(390)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		128	97
Net cash from/(used in)investing activities		1,069	(787)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Redemption of bonds issued by the Group		(1.450)	(04 400)
Issue of bonds		(1,450)	(21,180)
Proceeds from sale of previously bought back bonds issued		4,000 925	9,937
Buy back of bonds issued		(12,285)	2,143
Repayment of subordinated debt			(2,256)
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities		(2,800)	(11,356)
AND THE STATE OF T		(,0.0)	(11,000)
Effect of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreign			
currencies		(4,973)	(1,022)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(16,451)	(32,443)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of the period	6	112,992	175,232
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of the period	6	96,541	142,789
OH e Oh	•		142,103

On behalf of the Board

Acting Chairman of the Management Board

4 May 2017 Moscow

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

#### 1. Organization

ROSBANK (initially named "Nezavisimost") is a joint stock bank which was incorporated in the Russian Federation in 1993. Over the subsequent five years, ROSBANK customers were mainly comprised of medium-sized trade, finance and technology companies, for which it conducted a variety of activities, including corporate lending, settlement, government bond trading, foreign exchange and money market transactions. In 1998 ROSBANK was acquired by the Interros Group with the initial purpose of providing banking services to Interros Group companies. In 2000 ROSBANK acquired Uneximbank which was merged into ROSBANK and ceased to exist as a legal entity. In 2002 the businesses of ROSBANK and Commercial Bank "MFK Bank", specializing in investment banking, were consolidated. In 2003 the Interros Group acquired OVK group – one of Russia's largest retail banking institutions. The integration of OVK with ROSBANK has transformed ROSBANK into a financial institution capable of offering universal services.

Societe Generale became the owner of 20% minus 1 share of Rosbank in 2006. In February 2008 Societe Generale became the owner of Rosbank controlling stock interest by exercising the option for acquisition of 30% stocks. In March 2008 Societe Generale offered to buy the stakes of minority shareholders at 194.09 roubles per share. Having performed the buy-out Societe Generale raised its interest in Rosbank to 57.57%. On 23 March 2009 ROSBANK issued 26,665,928 shares by way of public subscription. The issue was bought by Societe Generale and PHARANCO HOLDINGS CO. LIMITED in the proportion 60.6786% and 39.3214%, respectively. On 27 May 2009 Societe Generale increased its share in Rosbank by 7% after the purchase of this share from PHARANCO HOLDINGS CO. LIMITED.

In February 2010, Societe Generale with the consent of other shareholders of Rosbank Group took the decision to reorganize the legal structure of its Russian subsidiaries in order to build a major financial group.

The first step was achieved in January 2011 with the acquisition of 100% of the share capital of Rusfinance and Delta Credit. The two companies kept acting as separate entities, Rusfinance being mainly dedicated to consumer credit and Delta Credit to mortgages.

The second step was achieved in July 2011 with the merger of the two universal banks ROSBANK and BSGV into a single and unified company ultimately operating under a single brand. Benefiting from their differentiated positioning on both corporate and retail segments, the new structure aims at improving its financial performance by increasing revenues through cross-selling strategy and developing synergies in order to reduce operational costs.

During 2013, Societe Generale further consolidated its positions in Russian market by acquiring in December 2013 an additional 10% stake in ROSBANK equity from VTB Group, increasing it up to 92.4%. As part of the agreement ROSBANK sold to VTB Group certain Russian assets: shares listed on Moscow Exchange as well as some loans and real-estate assets.

In April 2015 Societe Generale acquired further 7% of ROSBANK 's share capital from Interros group, raising its stake to 99.4%, in line with its strategy of building up the Group's stake in ROSBANK.

ROSBANK is regulated by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation (the "CBR") and conducts its business under license number 2272. ROSBANK is engaged in a full range of banking activities, including commercial and investment banking and custodial services.

The registered office of ROSBANK is located at 34, Masha Poryvaeva Street, Moscow, 107078, Russian Federation.

As of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 ROSBANK had 8 branches operating in the Russian Federation.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

ROSBANK ("the Bank") is the parent company of a banking group (the "Group") which consists of the following material enterprises as of 31 March 2017, 31 December 2016 and 31 March 2016:

Name	Country of incorporation		Group's owner	ship interest /	Type of operations
		31 March 2017	31 December 2016	31 March 2016	
Delta Credit Bank JSC (previous name – Delta Credit Bank CJSC)	Russia	100/100	100/100	100/100	Banking
Rusfinance Bank LLC	Russia	100/100	100/100	100/100	Banking
Rusfinance LLC	Russia	100/100	100/100	100/100	Issue of loans to individuals
RB Factoring LLC	Russia	100/100	100/100	100/100	Factoring
Rosbank (Switzerland) SA	Switzerland	100/100	100/100	100/100	Banking
RB LEASING LLC	Russia	100/100	100/100	100/100	Leasing
ORS JSC (previous name – ORS OJSC)	Russia	100/100	100/100	100/100	Processing
AVTO LLC	Russia	Liquidated	Liquidated	100/100	Transportation services
RB Specialized Depositary LLC (previous name – RB Securities LLC	Russia	100/100	100/100	100/100	Operations with securities
Valmont LLC	Russia	100/100	100/100	100/100	Asset holding company
RB Service LLC (previous name – RBS Avto LLC)	Russia	100/100	100/100	100/100	Financial services
Telsikom CJSC	Russia	100/100	100/100	100/100	Banking

On 14 July 2010 the Group took decision to close its foreign subsidiary in Switzerland – Rosbank (Switzerland) SA. The liquidation process is subject to authorisation by Swiss banking authorities. The Group does not anticipate any substantial impact on its financial results nor its financial position as a result of the aforementioned liquidation.

In May 2016 AVTO LLC was liquidated.

As of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016, the shareholder owned the issued shares of ROSBANK is Societe Generale S.A. with share more than 99%.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue on 4 May 2017 by the Management Board of ROSBANK.

#### 2. Going concern

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The Group has no intention or need to reduce substantially its business operations.

The management and shareholders have the intention to further develop the business of the Group in the Russian Federation both in corporate and retail segments. Management believes that the going concern assumption is appropriate for the Group due to its sufficient capital adequacy ratio and based on historical experience that short-term obligations will be refinanced in the normal course of business.

### NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

### 3. Basis of presentation

Statement of compliance

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements. Additionally, the Group has provided disclosures where significant events have occurred subsequent to the issuance of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for 2016 prepared in accordance with IFRS. Management believes that the disclosures in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are adequate to make the information presented not misleading if these financial statements are read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for 2016 prepared in accordance with IFRS. In the opinion of management, these financial statements reflect all adjustments necessary to present fairly the Group's financial position, results of operations, statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the interim reporting periods.

Since the results of the Group's operations closely relate to and depend on changing market conditions, the results of the Group's operations for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year.

Other basis of presentation criteria

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Group is a going concern and will continue operation for the foreseeable future.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in millions of Russian Roubles ("mRUB"), unless otherwise indicated.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values, and certain land and buildings that are measured at revalued amounts according to International Accounting Standard 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment* ("IAS 16"). Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (ie an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of IFRS 2, leasing transactions that are within the scope of IAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in IAS 2 or value in use in IAS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

The Group and its consolidated companies, registered in the Russian Federation, maintain their accounting records in accordance with Russian Accounting Standards (RAS), foreign consolidated companies of the Group maintain their accounting records in accordance with the law of the countries, in which they operate. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared from the statutory accounting records and have been adjusted to conform to IFRS.

#### **Functional currency**

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The functional currency of the parent of the Group is the Russian rouble (RUB). The presentation currency of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group is the RUB. All values are rounded to the nearest million RUB, except when otherwise indicated.

#### Offset of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position only when there is a currently legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expense is not offset in the interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss unless required or permitted by any accounting standard or interpretation permitted by any IFRS, and as specifically disclosed in the accounting policies of the Group.

#### 4. Significant accounting policies

The same accounting policies, presentation and methods of computation have been followed in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements as were applied in the preparation of the Group's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016, except for the accounting policies and impact of the adoption of the Standards and Interpretations described below.

#### Rates of exchange and commodity prices

The exchange rates and commodity prices at period-end used by the Group in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are as follows:

	31 March 2017	31 December 2016
RUB/1 US Dollar	56.3779	60.6569
RUB/1 Euro	60.5950	63.8111
RUB/Gold (1 ounce)	70,182.03	70,307.41
RUB/Platinum (1 ounce)	52,995.23	55,015.81
RUB/Palladium (1 ounce)	44,989.56	41,004.06
RUB/Silver (1 ounce)	1,018.18	985.07

#### Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these interim condensed consolidated financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were consistent with those that applied to the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for 2016 prepared in accordance with IFRS.

The Group adopted new Standards effective as of 1 January 2017 as described below. The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not vet effective.

### NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

### 5. Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016, except for the adoption of new standards effective as of 1 January 2017. The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective. The nature and the impact of each amendment is described below:

#### Amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows: Disclosure Initiative

The amendments require entities to provide disclosures about changes in their liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes (such as foreign exchange gains or losses). On initial application of the amendment, entities are not required to provide comparative information for preceding periods. The Group is not required to provide additional disclosures in its interim condensed consolidated financial statements, but will disclose additional information in its annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

### Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes: Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrecognised Losses

The amendments clarify that an entity needs to consider whether tax law restricts the sources of taxable profits against which it may make deductions on the reversal of that deductible temporary difference. Furthermore, the amendments provide guidance on how an entity should determine future taxable profits and explain the circumstances in which taxable profit may include the recovery of some assets for more than their carrying amount.

Entities are required to apply the amendments retrospectively. However, on initial application of the amendments, the hange in the opening equity of the earliest comparative period may be recognised in opening retained earnings (or in another component of equity, as appropriate), without allocating the change between opening retained earnings and other components of equity. Entities applying this relief must disclose that fact.

The Group applied the amendments retrospectively. However, their application has no effect on the Group's financial position and performance as the Group has no deductible temporary differences or assets that are in the scope of the amendments.

#### Annual Improvements Cycle - 2014-2016

# Amendments to IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Clarification of the scope of disclosure requirements in IFRS 12

The amendments clarify that the disclosure requirements in IFRS 12 apply to an entity's interest in a subsidiary, a joint venture or an associate (or a portion of its interest in a joint venture or an associate) that is classified (or included in a disposal group that is classified) as held for sale. These amendments do not have any impact on the Group.

The above mentioned amended standards effective for the Group from 1 January 2017 did not have a material impact on the accounting policies, financial position or performance of the Group.

#### 6. Cash and balances with the Central Bank of the Russian Federation

	31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	31 December 2016 mRUB
Cash	14,542	20,057
Balances with the Central Bank of the Russian Federation	23,770	28,442
Total cash and balances with the Central Bank of the Russian Federation	38,312	48,499

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

As of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 included in the balances with the Central Bank of the Russian Federation are RUB 6,087 million and RUB 4,869 million, respectively, which represent the minimum reserve deposits calculated as a percentage of customers accounts balance required by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation. The Group is required to maintain the reserve balances with Central Bank of the Russian Federation at all times.

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of the interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows are comprised of the following:

	31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	31 December 2016 mRUB	31 March 2016 mRUB (unaudited)
Cash and balances with the Central Bank of the Russian Federation  Due from banks with original maturity within 90	38,312	48,499	43,657
days	64,316 <b>102,628</b>	69,362 <b>117,861</b>	103,176 <b>146,833</b>
Less minimum reserve deposits	(6,087)	(4,869)	(4,044)
Total cash and cash equivalents	96,541	112,992	142,789

### 7. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	31 December 2016 mRUB
Debt securities Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pleged under	4,973	1,589
repurchases agreements	-	470
Derivative financial instruments (Note 9)	33,643	35,093
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	38,616	37,152

The debt securities included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss relate entirely to financial assets held-for-trading.

	31 March 2017 (unaudited)	3	1 December 2016
Nominal interest rate %	Amount mRUB	Nominal interest rate %	Amount mRUB
7.75 - 10.75 %	701	_	_
4.5 - 7.75 %	753	4.75-8.5%	1,343
3.45 - 12.5 %	3,519	3.8-10.25%	716
	4,973		2,059
	7.75 - 10.75 % 4.5 - 7.75 %	(unaudited)  Nominal interest rate %  7.75 - 10.75 %  4.5 - 7.75 %  701  4.5 - 7.75 %  753  3.45 - 12.5 %  3,519	Nominal interest rate %       Amount mRUB       Nominal interest rate %         7.75 - 10.75 %       701       -         4.5 - 7.75 %       753       4.75-8.5%         3.45 - 12.5 %       3,519       3.8-10.25%

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

#### 8. Due from banks

	31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	31 December 2016 mRUB
Demand deposits in banks	20,061	28,631
Term deposits in banks	30,623	32,628
Loans under reverse repurchase agreements	27,866	24,867
Total due from banks	78,550	86,126

As of 31 March 2017 the Group had loans and advances to two banks totaling RUB 36,474 million, which individually exceeded 10% of the Group's equity. As of 31 December 2016 the Group had loans and advances to two banks totaling RUB 30,744 million which individually exceeded 10% of the Group's equity.

Fair value of assets pledged and carrying value of loans under the reverse repurchase agreements as at 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 comprise:

31 March 2017 (unaudited) mRUB		31	December 2016 mRUB
Carrying value of loan	Fair value of collateral	Carrying value of Ioan	Fair value of collateral
14,967	18,088	13,528	16,983
2,791	2,826	4,582	5,549
5,793	6,946	3,336	4,038
4,315	5,753	3,421	5,246
27,866	33,613	24,867	31,516
	Carrying value of loan 14,967 2,791 5,793 4,315	MRUB Carrying value of loan  14,967 18,088 2,791 2,826 5,793 6,946 4,315 5,753	Carrying value of loan         Fair value of collateral         Carrying value of loan           14,967         18,088         13,528           2,791         2,826         4,582           5,793         6,946         3,336           4,315         5,753         3,421

#### 9. Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments comprise:

	Nominal value mRUB		March 2017 Fair value mRUB (unaudited)	Nominal value mRUB	31 Dece	ember 2016 Fair value mRUB
		Assets	Liabilities		Assets	Liabilities
Derivative financial instruments:						
Foreign exchange contracts						
Swaps	77,274	1,634	(4,633)	74,541	1,029	(4,164)
Forwards	48,831	3,223	(171)	24,046	2,166	(72)
IRS/CIRS	344,156	27,685	(27,342)	314,988	30,138	(29,652)
Cash flow and NIFE hedge	2,655	491	-	2,984	304	_
Fair value hedge	2,450	-	(18)	2,450	95	_
Foreign exchange options	2,649	5	(5)	12		
Total foreign exchange contracts	<u>-</u>	33,038	(32,169)		33,732	(33,888)
Contracts on precious metals and commodities						
Forwards	2,784	239	(239)	4,783	365	(365)
Swaps	513	7	-	507	12	_
Options	39,886	359	(359)	43,992	984	(984)
Total contracts on precious metals and commodities		605	(598)		1,361	(1,349)
Total	=	33,643	(32,767)	· -	35,093	(35,237)

### NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Cash Flow Hedge and Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Entity (NIFE)

As of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 the Group's cash flow hedge was related to its exposure to the variability in the anticipated future cash flows on its financial liabilities related to Société Générale Group share-based payment program announced in April 2016 for the total amount equivalent to 60,185 shares to be paid during 2016-2019 subject to the satisfaction of certain underlying conditions.

The Group measures the fair value of its derivative financial instruments based on quoted prices or valuations derived from observable market prices.

To hedge against the variability in the cash flows on financial liabilities due to the share price risk, as of 31 March 2017 the Group used forward contracts at a fixed price of EUR 32.9154 per share (as of 31 December 2016 – 32.9154 per share). As such the Group minimizes the effect of changes in market prices for SG shares on its future cash flows.

Another part of the Cash flow hedge is related to the swap (hedging instrument), which enables the Group to protect itself against negative variations in future cash flows on the variable-rate loans to customers due to a fall in interest rates. This part of the Group's cash flow hedge is related to variable-rate loans to customers for the principal as at 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 of RUB 186 million and RUB 393 million, respectively.

The Group's hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Entity is related to the variability of the net assets of it's subsidiary (Rosbank (Switzerland) SA) nominated in CHF.

#### Fair Value Hedge

The Group's fair value hedge is related to its exposure to the variability in changes of fair value of available-for-sale securities for the nominal amount as of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 of RUB 2,500 million and RUB 2,500 million, respectively.

The Group measures the fair value of its derivative financial instruments based on quoted prices or valuations derived from observable market prices.

### Embedded derivatives

The Group issued structural bonds with embedded derivatives included in financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss in amount RUB 539 million as at 31 March 2017 and RUB 269 million as at 31 December 2016, respectively. Simultaneously the Group entered into interest rate swap contracts to compensate future cash flows to be paid on structural bonds issued. The fair value of interest rate swaps included in financial assets at fair value through profit and loss amounted to RUB 238 million as at 31 March 2017 and in financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss amounted to RUB 205 million as at 31 December 2016, respectively.

#### 10. Loans to customers

	31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	31 December 2016 mRUB
Loans to legal entities	244,866	244,399
Loans to individuals	376,385	380,757
Net investments in finance lease	13,248	13,047
Account receivable from RF Government on financed car loans	3,547	3,344
Total loans to customers before impairment	638,046	641,547
Less allowance for impairment losses	(50,984)	(53,737)
Total loans to customers	587,062	587,810

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

The movements in allowance for impairment losses on interest-bearing assets were as follows:

	Total mRUB
31 December 2015	63,488
Net allocations Forex effect on provision revaluation Sales and write-offs of loans	3,921 (676) (3,423)
31 March 2016 (unaudited)	63,310
31 December 2016	53,737
Net allocations Forex effect on provision revaluation Sales and write-offs of loans	827 (186) (3,394)
31 March 2017 (unaudited)	50,984

As of 31 March 2017 the Group had no loans to groups of customers which individually exceeded 10% of the Group's equity.

As of 31 December 2016 the Group had loans to two groups of customers which individually exceeded 10% of the Group's equity.

As of 31 March 2017 the amount receivable from RF Government on the financed car loan program amounted to RUB 3,422 million (as of 31 December 2016 – to RUB 3,206 million).

As of 31 March 2017 the amount receivable from RF Government on the financed mortgage program amounted to RUB 124 million (as of 31 December 2016 - to RUB 139 million).

As of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 a substantial amount of loans is granted to companies operating in the Russian Federation, which represents a significant geographical concentration in one region.

#### 11. Investments available-for-sale

	31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	31 December 2016 mRUB
Debt securities Equity investments	6,850 204	8,033 204
Total investments available-for-sale	7,054	8,237

	31 March 2017 (unaudited)  Nominal Amount interest rate % mRUB		Nominal Amou		31 Nominal interest rate %	December 2016 Amount mRUB
<b>Debt securities:</b> Bonds of the Russian Federation Eurobonds of Russian companies	6.5% - 7.5% 5.13% - 6.7%	5,685 1,165	6.5-7.5% 3.15-6.7%	5,790 2,243		
	_	6,850	=	8,033		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

	31 March 2017 (unaudited) Amount mRUB	31 December 2016 Amount mRUB
Equity investments: Shares of Russian companies	203	203
Shares of international clearing companies	1 204	1 204

### 12. Investments held to maturity

	31 March 2 Nominal annual interest rate	2017 (unaudited) Amount mRUB	Nominal annual interest rate	1 December 2016 Amount mRUB
Eurobonds of the Russian				
Federation	3.5 -11.0%	39,024	3.5-11.0%	42,741
Bonds of the Russian Federation	7.0 -7.6%	22,928	7.0-7.6%	22,966
Eurobonds of Russian companies	3.37 -9.13%	6,699	3.37-9.13%	7,205
Total investments held to maturity	, _	68,651		72,912

### 13. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	31 December 2016 mRUB
Derivative financial instruments Short position on securities purchased	32,767 1,013	35,237 745
Total financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	33,780	35,982
Derivative financial instruments are disclosed in Note 9.		

### 14. Due to banks and international financial institutions

	31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	31 December 2016 mRUB
Time deposits	8,916	14,119
Demand accounts	11,789	30,102
Loans under repurchase agreements	1,663	3,772
Total due to banks and international financial institutions	22,368	47,993

The Group is obligated to comply with financial covenants in relation to certain balances deposits by banks disclosed above. These covenants include various financial performance ratios. As of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 the Group has not breached any of these covenants.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

As at 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 included in due to banks and international financial institutions are RUB 5,831 million and RUB 13,610 million (5% and 11% of total balances due to banks and international financial institutions), respectively, that were due to two and three banks, respectively, which represents a significant concentration.

Fair value of assets pledged and carrying value of loans under repurchase agreements as at 31 March 2017 comprise:

	31 March 2017 (unaudited)		31 December 2016	
	Carrying value of loans mRUB	Fair value of collateral mRUB	Carrying value of loans mRUB	Fair value of collateral mRUB
Bonds of the Russian Federation purchased by reverse repurchases				
agreements	1,663	1,682	3,303	3,440
Bonds of the Russian Federation	-		469	470
Total	1,663	1,682	3,772	3,910

#### 15. Customer accounts

	31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	31 December 2016 mRUB
Corporate		
Time deposits	117,278	165,315
Repayable on demand	140,488	87,171
Total corporate	257,766	252,486
Individuals .		
Time deposits	143,461	144,321
Repayable on demand	67,723	65,086
Total individuals	211,184	209,407
Total customer accounts	468,950	461,893

As of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 customer accounts amounting to RUB 94 million and RUB 82 million, respectively, were held as security against letters of credit issued and other transaction related contingent obligations. As of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 customer accounts amounting to RUB 77 million and RUB 86 million, respectively, were held as security against guarantees issued (Note 27).

#### 16. Debt securities issued

<u>-</u>	Annual coupon rates %	31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	Annual coupon rates %	31 December 2016 mRUB
Bonds of Deltacredit due in 2017-				
2026	8.00%-12.50%	71,460	8.00%-12.50%	71,230
Bonds of Rosbank due in 2024-2026 Bonds of Rusfinancebank due in	7.50%-10.40%	38,181	9.35%-11.60%	38,008
2018-2026 Exchange structual bonds of	8.75%-13.90%	29,417	9.95%-13.90%	36,295
Rosbank due in 2017-2025	9.89%-11.52%	10,000	9.31%-14.32%	11,450
Discount bearing promissory notes	0.00%-8.55%	11,260	0.00%-8.37%	1,150
Total debt securities issued		160,318		158,133

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

During the period January - March 2017 new bonds were issued:

Issuer	Issue date	Maturity date	Debt volume, mRUB	Annual coupon rate, %
Rusfinance Bank	21.03.2017	23.03.2020	4,000	9.6%

During the period January - March 2017 the following bonds were redeemed:

Issuer	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Debt Volume, mRUB	Annual coupon rate, %
Rosbank	26.02.2014	26.02.2017	800	9.3%
Rosbank	26.02.2015	26.02.2017	650	14.3%

Changes in the balances for the 3 months ended 31 March 2017, were also due to a partly buyback of the bonds and operations with the bonds issued by its subsidiaries.

#### 17. Subordinated debt

	Currency	Interest Rate %	31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	Interest Rate, %	31 December 2016 mRUB
Societe Generale S.A. due in 2020-2023 Societe Generale S.A. due	USD	6.5 - 9.3%	33,467	6.5-9.3%	36,207
in 2017	RUB	8.0%	752	8.00-8.5%	3,665
Total subordinated debt			34,219		39,872

In January 2017 the Group redeemed subordinated debt in amount RUB 2,800 million received from Societe Generale S.A.

In the event of bankruptcy or liquidation of the Group, repayment of this debt is subordinate to the repayments of the Group's liabilities to all other creditors.

#### 18. Share capital

As of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 the nominal share capital totaling RUB 17,587 million issued and fully paid comprised 1,551,401,853 ordinary shares with par value of RUB 10 each. All shares are ranked equally and carry one vote. The hyperinflation effect has been recorded in the amount of RUB 2,073 million.

As of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 share premium totaling RUB 59,707 million represents an excess of contributions received in share capital over the nominal value of shares issued.

As at 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 the Group's share capital comprised the following number of shares of RUB 10 each:

	Share capital authorized	Share capital authorized but not issued	Share capital repurchased	Share capital issued and paid in
Number of ordinary shares	1,846,461,466	295,059,613	-	1,551,401,853

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

# 19. Net interest income before provision for impairment losses on interest bearing assets

	3 months ended 31 M n (unaud	
	2017	2016
Interest income comprises:		
Interest income on financial assets recorded at amortized cost Interest income on financial assets recorded at fair value	19,781 	22,457 209
Total interest income	19,992	22,666
Interest income on financial assets recorded at amortized cost comprises:		
Interest on loans to individuals	12,745	13,986
Interest on loans to corporate customers	5,469	6,149
Interest on due from banks	637	1,167
Interest on investments held to maturity	930	1,155
Total interest income on financial assets recorded at amortized		
cost	19,781	22,457
Interest income on financial assets recorded at fair value comprises:		
Interest income on investments available-for-sale Interest income on financial assets at fair value through profit and	120	111
loss	91	98
Total interest income on financial assets recorded at fair value	211	209
Interest expense comprises:		
Interest on financial liabilities recorded at amortized cost	10,754	12,566
Total interest expense	10,754	12,566
Interest expense on financial liabilities recorded at amortized cost comprise:		
Interest on corporate customer accounts	3,011	3,960
Interest on debt securities issued	3,931	3,626
Interest on deposits from individuals	2,427	2,696
Interest on deposits from banks	690	892
Interest on subordinated debt	692	1,134
Interest on deposits of the Central Bank of the Russian Federation	3	258
Total interest expense on financial liabilities recorded at amortized cost	10,754	12,566
Net interest income before provision for impairment losses on interest bearing assets	9,238	10,100
	-,200	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

#### 20. Allowance for impairment losses and other provisions

For 3 months ended 31 March 2017 and 2016 the amount of provision for impairment losses on interest bearing assets in the interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss comprises:

	3 months ended 31 Mare mRU (unaudite	
	2017	2016
Net allocations Recoveries of loans written off	827 -	3,921 -
Write offs not covered by provisions	23	752
Provision for impairment losses on interest bearing assets	850	4,673

Write-offs not covered by provision in the amount of RUB 23 million and RUB 752 million for 3 months ended 31 March 2017 and 2016, respectively, represent losses incurred by the Group from refinancing program at a decreased interest rate the difference between the fair value at initial recognition of new loan and the carrying value of the previous loan is recognized as a loss from refinancing of US dollar denominated mortgage loans to individuals in the interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss.

As of 31 March 2017 and 2016 the amount of other provision comprises:

		3 months	ended 31 March mRUB (unaudited)
		2017	2016
Net allocations Recoveries of debtors receivables previously written off Write offs not covered by provisions		377 (62) 22	64
Other provisions		337	64
The movements in other provisions were as follows	<b>:</b> :		
	Other assets mRUB	Provisions for financial guarantees issued, claims and other commitments mRUB	Total mRUB
31 December 2015	2,088	1,315	3,403
Provision Write-offs Forex effect on provision revaluation	61 (55) -	3 (11) (20)	64 (66) (20)
31 March 2016 (unaudited)	2,339	1,287	3,626
31 December 2016	1,922	1,545	3,467
Provision Write-offs Forex effect on provision revaluation	88 (737) -	289 (12) (25)	377 (749) (25)
31 March 2017 (unaudited)	1,273	1,797	3,070

The information about other provision of the Group disclosed in Note 27.

Allowance for impairment losses on assets are deducted from the respective assets. Allowance for impairment losses on financial guarantees issued, claims and other commitments are presented in liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

# 21. Net (loss)/gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, except forex swaps and forwards

Net loss on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, except forex swaps and forwards comprises:

	3 months ended 31 March mRUB (unaudited)	
	2017	2016
Net (loss)/gain on operations with financial assets and liabilities held-for-trading comprise:		
Realized gain/(loss) on trading operations	(40)	103
Unrealized revaluation of securities at fair value through profit or loss Net (loss)/gain on operations with derivative financial instruments, except	17	37
forex swaps and forwards	(352)	(203)
Total net (loss)/gain on operations with financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, except forex swaps		
and forwards	(375)	(63)

### 22. Net gain/(loss) on foreign exchange operations

	3 months ended 31 March mRUB (unaudited)	
	2017	2016
Net gain on foreign exchange operations	693	689
Exchange differences	(208)	(128)
Effect of foreign currency swap instruments	146	(425)
Total net gain/(loss) on foreign exchange operations	631	136

During 3 months ended 2017 and 2016, the Bank used foreign currency swaps to manage its liquidity between currencies.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

#### 23. Fee and commission income and expense

	3 months ended 31 Marc mRU (unaudited	
	2017	2016
Fee and commission income:		
Plastic cards operations	767	741
Agency operations	636	427
Settlements	462	509
Cash operations	252	346
Documentary operations	226	265
Other operations	296	289
Total fee and commission income	2,639	2,577
Fee and commission expense:		
Plastic cards operations	363	375
Cash operations	136	187
Settlements	77	74
Documentary operations	16	47
Other operations	121	64
Total fee and commission expense	713	747

### 24. Operating expenses

	3 months ended 31 Marc mRUI (unaudited		
	2017	2016	
Salary and bonuses	4,080	3,903	
Unified social tax contribution	1,115	938	
Operating lease expense	622	677	
Repairs and maintenance expense	599	562	
Depreciation charge on property and equipment	478	621	
Professional services	341	190	
Deposit insurance charge	246	195	
Advertising and marketing expenses	195	171	
Communications	190	189	
Security	65	88	
Transportation expenses	26	61	
Other	701	752	
Total operating expenses	8,658	8,347	

#### 25. Income tax

The Group measures and records its current income tax payable in its assets and liabilities in accordance with the tax regulations of RF and countries where the Group and its subsidiaries operate, which may differ from IFRS.

The Group is subject to certain permanent tax differences due to the non-tax deductibility of certain expenses and certain income being treated as non-taxable for tax purposes.

Deferred taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax purposes. Temporary differences as of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 relate mostly to different methods/timing of income and expense recognition as well as to temporary differences generated by tax - book bases' differences for certain assets.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

The tax rate used for the reconciliations below is the corporate tax rate of 20% payable by corporate entities in the RF on taxable profits (as defined) under tax law in that jurisdiction.

Based on semi-annual tax business planning exercise, the Group believes that it will generate sufficient taxable profits to recover the deferred tax assets recognized as of 31 March 2017 in the horizont of 10 years from the date the loss was recorded.

Income tax (credit)/expense for 3 months ended 31 March 2017 and 2016 comprise:

	3 months ended 31 March mRUB (unaudited)		
	2017	2016	
Current tax charge Deferred tax (credit)/charge- origination and reversal of	910	139	
temporary differences and tax loss carried forward	(365)	352	
Less: deferred tax recognized directly in other comprehensive income	(27)	(538)	
Income tax (credit)/expense	518	(47)	

#### 26. Earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the parent

	3 months ended 31 March (unaudited)		
	2017	2016	
Profit/(Loss)  Net profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the parent for the period			
(mRUB)	1,351	(567)	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares For basic and diluted earnings per share	1,551,401,853	1,551,401,853	
Earnings per share – basic and diluted (RUB)	0.87	(0.37)	

### 27. Commitments and contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Group is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in order to meet the needs of its customers. These instruments, involving varying degrees of credit risk, are not reflected in the statement of financial position.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk under contingent liabilities and commitments to extend credit, in the event of non-performance by the other party where all counterclaims, collateral or security prove valueless, is represented by the contractual amounts of those instruments.

The Group uses the same credit control and management policies in undertaking off-balance sheet commitments as it does for on-balance operations. Extension of loans to customers within credit line limits is approved by the Group on a case-by-case basis and depends on borrowers' financial performance, debt service and other conditions.

	31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	31 December 2016 mRUB
Litigations and other provisions	373	387
Provision for losses on letters of credit and guarantees	1,424	1,158
Total other provisions	1,797	1,545

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

As of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016, letters of credit and other transactions related to contingent obligations covered by cash on customers' accounts amounted to RUB 94 million and RUB 82 million, respectively and guarantees issued covered by cash amounted to RUB 77 million and RUB 86 million, respectively.

As of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016, the nominal or contract amounts were:

	31 March 2017 (anaudited) Nominal amount mRUB	31 December 2016 Nominal amount mRUB
Contingent liabilities and credit commitments		
Guarantees issued and similar commitments Letters of credit and other transaction related contingent	102,384	97,847
obligations	9,431	9,542
Commitments on loans and unused credit lines	97,563	98,534
Total contingent liabilities and credit commitments	209,378	205,923

The Group has commitments to provide funds under credit lines facilities. However, the Group has a right not to exercise such commitments due to certain conditions.

**Commitments on lease activities** – As of 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016 the Group has commitments for capital expenditure on finance lease outstanding amounting to RUB 598 million and RUB 193 million, respectively.

**Operating lease commitments** – Where the Group is the lessee, the future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases of buildings and equipment are as follows:

	31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	31 December 2016 mRUB
Not later than 1 year	1,920	2,153
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	3,380	3,232
Later than 5 years	2,512	2,517
Total operating lease commitments	7,812	7,902

**Legal proceedings** – From time to time and in the normal course of business, claims against the Group are received from customers and counterparties. Management is of the opinion that no material unaccrued losses will be incurred.

**Taxation** – The Russian laws and regulations affecting business continue to change rapidly. The implementation of Russian tax laws and regulations is often unclear or inconsistent. Historically, the system of tax collection in Russia has been relatively ineffective, resulting in the continual changes to the tax legislation, some of which apply retroactively and occur with little notice, as well as in interpretation of the existing laws and regulations by various authorities. Management's interpretation of such legislation as applied to the activity of the Group may be challenged by the relevant regional and federal authorities. Recent events suggest that the Russian tax authorities are taking a more assertive position in their interpretation of the legislation and, as a result, transactions and activities that have not been challenged in the past may be challenged in future tax audits.

### NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Russian transfer pricing rules introduced additional reporting and documentation requirements. The Russian tax authorities may assess additional tax charges in respect of all controlled transactions (both domestic and cross-border), including but not limited to transactions with related parties, if they consider transactions to be priced not at arm's length. Special transfer pricing rules apply to transactions with securities and derivatives.

In light of the uncertainty and absence of extensive practice of application of the Russian transfer pricing legislation it cannot be fully excluded that the Russian tax authorities may try to challenge the level of prices applied by the Group under the "controlled" transactions and accrue additional tax liabilities unless the Group is able to demonstrate the use of market prices with respect to the "controlled" transactions, and that there has been proper reporting to the Russian tax authorities, supported by appropriate available transfer pricing documentation. The impact of the potential challenge of the Group's transfer pricing positions by the tax authorities cannot be reliably estimated. However, taking into account that loans represent one of the major parts of transactions between the companies of the Group, the Management believes that the existing safe harbor rules on interest income and expenses significantly reduce the impact of the potential challenge of the Group's transfer pricing positions on loans.

Starting from January 1, 2015, new rules on taxation of controlled foreign companies were introduced into the Russian tax legislation, as well as the concept of determining the tax residency of organizations and the beneficial owner of income. The adoption of this law as a whole is associated with an increase in the administrative and, in some cases, tax burden on Russian taxpayers engaged in transactions with foreign companies. In 2016, the Group applied a procedure in which it received written confirmation from its customers of the actual right to income. The Group did not have foreign subsidiaries, in respect of which the Group could have significant tax liabilities in accordance with the rules on taxation of controlled foreign companies. In the opinion of the Management, the Group's application of the above new rules does not have a significant effect on the Group's tax liabilities.

The introduction of these laws, as well as the interpretation of certain provisions of the Russian tax legislation in combination with the latest trends in law enforcement indicate the potential possibility of increasing of the amount of taxes paid and the amount of penalties, including due to the fact that the Russian tax authorities and courts may be taking a more assertive position in their application of the legislation and assessments. At the same time the potential impact cannot be reliable estimated, as well as the probability of an unfavorable outcome in the case of claims of the Russian tax authorities. Tax inspections may cover three calendar years immediately preceding the year of review. The longer periods may be reviewed under certain conditions. As such, additional taxes, penalties and late payment interest may be assessed by the relevant authorities.

Management believes that as at 31 March 2017 the provisions of the tax laws applicable to the Group, interpreted them correctly.

**Operating environment** – Emerging markets such as Russian Federation are subject to different risks than more developed markets, including economic, political and social, and legal and legislative risks. Laws and regulations affecting businesses in Russian Federation continue to change rapidly, tax and regulatory frameworks are subject to varying interpretations. The future economic direction of Russian Federation is heavily influenced by the fiscal and monetary policies adopted by the government, together with developments in the legal, regulatory, and political environment.

Because Russian Federation produces and exports large volumes of oil and gas, its economy is particularly sensitive to the price of oil and gas on the world market, which decreased significantly during 2015 and showed limited signs of recovery over the course of 2016 and 2017. Management is unable to reliably estimate the effects of any further price fluctuations on the Group's financial position.

Starting from March 2014, sanctions have been imposed in several packages by the U.S. and the E.U. on certain Russian officials, businessmen and companies. Ratings of Russia's sovereign debt from Moody's and S&P agencies remain at a below investment-grade level following a series of downgrades over 2014-2015. At the same time, the US Federal Reserve System has accelerated the pace of interest rates hikes which should affect flows of capital to/from emerging economies such as Russian Federation.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Global geopolitical landscape remains complicated due to stress around numerous regions, including areas where the Russian forces are involved (such as Syria). These developments may result in reduced access of the Russian businesses to international capital and export markets, capital flight, weakening of the Russian Rouble and other negative economic consequences.

The impact of further political and economic developments in Russian Federation on future operations and financial position of the Group is at this stage difficult to determine.

Share-based payments – The Group engages in cash settled share-based payment transactions in respect of services received from certain employees. The fair value of the services received is measured by reference to the fair value of the shares initially on the date of the grant and then subsequently at each reporting date. The cost of the employee services received in respect of the shares granted is recognized in the interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss within administrative expenses, over the period that the services are received, which is the vesting period. A liability equal to the portion of the goods and services received is recognized at the current fair value determined at each balance sheet date for cash settled payments.

### 28. Transactions with related parties

Transactions between the Group and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Group, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed below:

		31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	3	1 December 2016 mRUB
	Related party transactions	Total category as per financial statement caption	Related party transactions	Total category as per financial statement caption
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - shareholders - related parties under common control with the Group	15,001 14,696 305	38,616	16,914 16,914 -	37,152 _
Due from banks - shareholders - related parties under common control with the Group	19,599 15,748 3,851	78,550	20,565 17,686 2,879	86,126 - -
Loans to customers, gross - key management personnel of the Group - related parties under common control with the Group	1,470 10 1,460	638,046	1,913 11 1,902	641,547 - -
Investments available-for-sale - related parties under common control with the Group	79 79	7,054	79 79	8,237 -
Other assets - shareholders - related parties under common control with the Group	47 17 30	15,960	46 13 33	15,153 - -
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - shareholders - related parties under common control with the Group	20,553 20,489 64	33,780	21,022 21,022	35,982

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

		31 March 2017 mRUB (unaudited)	3	1 December 2016 mRUB
	Related party transactions	Total category as per financial statement caption	Related party transactions	Total category as per financial statement caption
Due to banks and international financial institutions - shareholders - related parties under common	4,856 4,468	22,368	8,580 6,591	47,993 -
control with the Group	388		1,989	
Customer accounts - shareholders	5,002	468,950	3,741 -	461,893 –
<ul> <li>key management personnel of the Group</li> <li>related parties under common</li> </ul>	375		284	_
control with the Group	4,627		3,457	_
Other liabilities - shareholders - related parties under common	333 330	10,655	378 378	9,749 -
control with the Group	3		-	
Subordinated debt - shareholders	34,219 34,219	34,219	39,872 39,872	39,872 -
Guarantees issued and similar commitments - shareholders - related parties under common control with the Group	2,868 1,391 1,477	102,384	1,301 1,297 4	97,847 - -
Commitments on loans and unused credit lines - shareholders - key management personnel of	15,285 4,789	97,563	13,507 3,976	98,534 –
the Group - related parties under common	9		9	_
control with the Group	10,487		9,522	_
Guarantees received - shareholders - related parties under common	16,049 15,579	214,622	17,720 17,249	242,804 _
control with the Group	470		471	_

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Included in the interim condensed consolidated statements of profit or loss for the 3 months ended 31 March 2017 and 2016 are the following amounts which arose due to transactions with related parties:

	3 months end	ed 31 March 2017 mRUB	3 months ende	ed 31 March 2016 mRUB
	Related party transactions	(unaudited) Total category as per financial statements caption	Related party transactions	(unaudited) Total category as per financial statements caption
Interest income - shareholders - key management personnel of	95 64	19,992	86 49	22,666
the Group - related parties controlled by, or under common control with	-		1	
the Group	31		36	
Interest expense - shareholders - key management personnel of	(795) (761)	(10,754)	(1,343) (1,170)	(12,566)
the Group - related parties under common	(4)		(3)	
control with the Group	(30)		(170)	
Provision for impairment losses on interest bearing assets - related parties under common	-	(850)	51	(4,673)
control with the Group	-		51	
Net (loss)/gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, except forex swaps	0.40	(075)	(000)	(00)
and forwards - shareholders - related parties under common	343 97	(375)	(998) (998)	(63)
control with the Group  Net gain/(loss) on foreign exchange	246			
operations and on precious metals operations - shareholders - related parties under common	232 230	669	(1,192) (1,182)	183
control with the Group	2		(10)	
Fee and commission income - shareholders - related parties under common	446 40	2,639	249 38	2,577
control with the Group	406		211	
Fee and commission expense - shareholders	(17) (17)	(713)	(47) (47)	(747)
Operating expense (other than compensation) - shareholders - related parties under common	(94) (82)	(3,463)	(180) (176)	(3,506)
control with the Group	(12)		(4)	
Other income - shareholders	7 -	283	9 1	322
related parties under common control with the Group	7		8	

For the 3 months ended 31 March 2017 and 2016 total remuneration of the key management amounted to RUB 194 million and RUB 289 million, respectively.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

#### 29. Fair value of financial instruments

Estimated fair value disclosures of financial instruments are made in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement". Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (ie an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows.

- The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices (includes listed redeemable notes, bills of exchange, debentures and perpetual notes).
- Unquoted equities and debt securities classified as available-for-sale are valued using models
  that use both observable and unobservable data. The non-observable inputs to the models
  include assumptions regarding the future financial performance of the investee, its risk profile,
  and economic assumptions regarding the industry and geographical jurisdiction in which the
  investee operates.
- For financial assets and liabilities that have a short term maturity (less than 3 months), it is assumed that the carrying amounts approximate to their fair value. This assumption is also applied to demand deposits and savings accounts without a maturity.
- For loans and advances to banks and customers and deposits by banks and customers and promissory notes issued at variable rates management believes that carrying rate may be assumed to be fair value.
- For loans and advances to banks and customers and deposits by banks and customers and promissory notes issued at fixed rates fair value has been estimated by reference to the market rates available at the balance sheet date for similar instruments of maturity equal to the remaining fixed period.
- The fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative instruments) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions and dealer quotes for similar instruments.
- The fair values of derivative instruments are calculated using quoted prices. Where such prices are not available, a discounted cash flow analysis is performed using the applicable yield curve for the duration of the instruments for non-optional derivatives, and option pricing models for optional derivatives. Foreign currency forward contracts are measured using quoted forward exchange rates and yield curves derived from quoted interest rates matching maturities of the contracts. Interest rate swaps are measured at the present value of future cash flows estimated and discounted based on the applicable yield curves derived from quoted interest rates.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities compared with the corresponding carrying amount in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position of the Group is presented below:

		31 March 2017 (unaudited)	31	December 2016
	Carrying value, mRUB	Fair value, mRUB	Carrying value, mRUB	Fair value, mRUB
Cash and balances with the Central Bank of the Russian				
Federation	38,312	38,312	48,499	48,499
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
<ul> <li>Derivative financial instruments</li> </ul>	33,643	33,643	35,093	35,093
- Debt securities	4,973	4,973	2,059	2,059
Due from banks	78,550	78,656	86,126	86,225
Loans to customers	587,062	593,119	587,810	591,567
Investments available-for-sale	7,054	7,054	8,237	8,237
Investments held to maturity	68,651	71,994	72,912	75,988
Other financial assets	1,500	1,500	3,414	3,414
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss	33,780	33,780	35,982	35,982
Due to the Central Bank of				
the Russian Federation	187	187	190	190
Due to banks and international				
financial institutions	22,368	23,675	47,993	49,540
Customer accounts	468,950	469,780	461,893	462,073
Debt securities issued	160,318	164,513	158,133	161,712
Other financial liabilities	8,176	8,176	7,239	7,239
Subordinated debt	34,219	34,140	39,872	39,383

### Assets and liabilities for which fair value approximates carrying value

For financial assets and liabilities that have a short term maturity (less than 3 months), it is assumed that the carrying amounts approximate to their fair value. This assumption is also applied to demand deposits and savings accounts.

### Fair value measurements recognised in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position

For the purpose of fair value hierarchy disclosure as at 31 March 2017 and 31 December 2016, the Group has categorized classes of assets and liabilities at fair value into Level 1 to 3 based on the degree to which their fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Balance Sheet Category	31 March 2017, mRUB (unaudited) Level 1 Level 2 Level 3			31 Dece Level 1	ember 2016, Level 2	mRUB Level 3
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
<ul> <li>Derivative financial instruments</li> </ul>	-	33,643	-	_	35,093	_
- Debt securities	4,973	-	-	2,059	· –	_
Investments available-for-sale	6,850	204	-	8,033	204	_
Financial liabilities at fair value						
through profit or loss	1,013	32,767	-	745	35,237	_

Possibility of transfer from Level 1 to Level 2 category is assessed as low, as liquidity control is performed by Market Risk Department. Control period of liquidity assessment is 90 days from position opening. Market risk department performs liquidity analysis using position turnover, volumes of exchange trades, availability of exchange and brokers quotations. In case of position assessment as insufficient liquid the necessary actions to close position are taken.

For financial instruments that are recognized at fair value on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Level 3 fair values of land and office buildings have been generally derived using the adjusted sales comparison approach, the income-based approach and the costs method. Unobservable inputs included in the calculations for sales comparison approach represent various adjustments considered to account for the difference between the compared properties in terms of size, location, bargain prices to which sellers are willing to go (ranging from 0% to -15%). The unobservable inputs included in the income-based approach calculations represent mainly the adjustments considered to account for the discounting rates (ranging from 10 % to 12%) and capitalization rates (from 9% to 12.5%).

The sensitivity of the fair value measurement to changes in those unobservable inputs indicated above does not result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

#### 30. Segment reporting

The Group discloses information to enable users of its financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business activities in which it engages and the economic environments in which it operates. This matter is regulated by IFRS 8 "Operating segments" and other standards that require special disclosures in the form of segmental reporting.

IFRS 8 defines an operating segment as follows. An operating segment is a component of an entity:

- That engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity);
- Whose operating results are reviewed regularly by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance; and
- For which discrete financial information is available.

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of services delivered or provided. The Group's reportable segments under IFRS 8 are therefore as follows:

 Retail banking – representing private banking services, private customer current accounts, savings, deposits, investment savings products, custody, credit and debit cards, consumer loans and mortgages.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

- Corporate banking representing direct debit facilities, current accounts, deposits, overdrafts, loan and other credit facilities, foreign currency and derivative products.
- Treasury and Financial institutions representing all trading financial instruments recognized and measured at fair value through profit and loss as well as loans and borrowings initiated through interbank transactions.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. Transactions between the operating segments consist only of reallocating of funds. Funds are ordinarily reallocated between segments, resulting in funding cost transfers disclosed in operating income. Interest charged for these funds is based on the Group's marginal funding price. There are no other material items of income or expense between the business segments. Segment assets and liabilities comprise operating assets and liabilities. Internal charges and transfer pricing adjustments have been reflected in the performance of each business.

The main business activity of the Group is concentrated in RF, thus no geographical segmentation is reported.

Segment information about these businesses is presented below.

_	Retail banking	Corporate banking	Treasury and Financial institutions	Unallocated	3 months ended 31 March 2017 (unaudited)
Net interest margin Provisions for impairment losses	6,139	1,931	204	964	9,238
on interest bearing assets Net gain/(loss) on financial	(1,064)	143	2	69	(850)
transactions	(14)	-	491	(183)	294
Net fee and commission income	1,499	426	86	(85)	1,926
Other provisions	-	(262)	(4)	(71)	(337)
Other income	71	-	11	201	283
Expense)/income from other					
segments	464	330	101	(895)	
Total operating income	7,095	2,568	891	-	10,554
Operating expenses	(6,823)	(1,020)	(515)	(300)	(8,658)
(Expense)/income from other	<u> </u>				
segments	(187)	(79)	(34)	300	
Other non-operating					
income/(expense)	(6)	(19)	(2)	_	(27)
Profit before income tax	79	1,450	340	_	1,869
Income tax expense	(119)	(368)	(31)	_	(518)
income tax expense	(113)	(300)	(31)		(310)
Net profit/(loss) for the period	(40)	1,082	309		1,351
Segment assets as at 31 March 2017 (unaudited)	421,400	299,872	120,291	17,714	859,277
Segment liabilities as at 31 March 2017 (unaudited)	372,379	302,328	47,733	11,820	734,260

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Segment information for 3 months ended 31 March 2016 is presented below:

	Retail banking	Corporate banking	Treasury and Financial institutions	Unallocated	3 months ended 31 March 2016 (unaudited)
Net interest margin Provisions for impairment losses	6,052	2,250	377	1,421	10,100
on interest bearing assets Net gain/(loss) on financial	(4,941)	250	(3)	21	(4,673)
transactions	18	(3)	309	(204)	120
Net fee and commission income	1,212	543	61	14	1,830
Other provisions	5	(337)	-	268	(64)
Other income	26	21	19	256	322
Expense)/income from other					
segments	804	726	246	(1,776)	
Total operating income	3,176	3,450	1,009	-	7,635
Operating expenses	(7,118)	(1,012)	(433)	216	(8,347)
(Expense)/income from other					
segments	112	83	21	(216)	<u> </u>
Other non-operating					
income/(expense)	39	59	_	_	98
Profit before income tax	(3,791)	2,580	597	_	(614)
Income tax expense	19	28	-	_	47
income tax expense		20			
Net profit/(loss) for the period	(3,772)	2,608	597		(567)
Segment assets as at 31					
December 2016	419,060	313,323	132,375	15,948	880,706
2000.11001 2010	110,000	010,020	102,010	10,040	000,700
Segment liabilities as at 31					
December 2016	372,295	308,278	65,986	10,589	757,148

During 2016 the Group has changed methodology on segments report:

- The amount of Fund transfer pricing costs on Retail is being calculated based on loan portfolio net of provisions
- New allocation methodology of anallocated amounts has been applied.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Segment information before restatement is presented below.

	Retail banking	Corporate banking	Treasury and Financial institutions	Unallocated	3 months ended 31 March 2016 (unaudited)
Net interest margin Provisions for impairment losses	6,052	2,250	377	1,421	10,100
on interest bearing assets Net gain/(loss) on financial	(4,941)	250	(3)	21	(4,673)
transactions	22	-	311	(213)	120
Net fee and commission income	1,203	535	57	35	1,830
Other provisions	5	(337)	-	268	(64)
Other income	12	12	15	283	322
Total operating income Operating expenses Other non-operating	<b>2,353</b> (7,133)	<b>2,710</b> (1,024)	<b>757</b> (436)	<b>1,815</b> 246	<b>7,635</b> (8,347)
income/(expense)	98				98
Profit/(loss) before income tax Income tax credit/(expense)	(4,682)	1,686 -	321	2,061 47	(614) 47
Net profit/(loss)	(4,682)	1,686	321	2,108	(567)
Segment assets as at 31 December 2016	419,060	313,323	132,375	15,948	880,706
Segment liabilities as at 31 December 2016	372,295	308,278	65,986	10,589	757,148

For the purpose of the segment reporting disclosure the category "Net gain/(loss) on financial transactions" includes the following categories:

- Net (loss)/gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, except forex swaps and forwards;
- Net gain/(loss) on foreign exchange operations;
- Net gain/(loss) on precious metals operations.

### 31. Subsequent events

In April 2017 the Analytical Credit Rating Agency (ACRA) assigned the highest credit rating at the AAA (RU) level to the Group with a "stable" outlook.